**MÔN: TIẾNG ANH- ĐỀ SỐ 2**

**[NOIDUNG]**

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following question.***

**Question 1 (NB):** If you follow my direction, you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ her house easily.

**A.** will find

**B.** would have found

**C.** found

**D.** would find

**Question 2 (NB):** Backpacking is best suited for those who are in good physical condition \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** as it may require walking several miles

**B.** so that it would require walking several miles

**C.** so as not to require walking several miles

**D.** without being required to walk several miles

**Question 3 (TH):** I’m sorry. I didn’t mean to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ your feelings when I said such a thing.

**A.** injure

**B.** hurt

**C.** destroy

**D.** break

**Question 4 (NB):** Laura came to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ me for taking care of her dog when she was away.

**A.** thankfully

**B.** thankful

**C.** thank

**D.** thankfulness

**Question 5 (VDC):** The aroma of freshly baked bread in the morning has always \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ memories of this childhood home.

**A.** evoked

**B.** instilled

**C.** reminisced

**D.** incited

**Question 6 (VDC):** Schoolchildren shouldn’t make fun of those who are intellectually \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to them.

**A.** essential

**B.** familiar

**C.** responsible

**D.** inferior

**Question 7 (VD):** The film was so intriguing that the audience were all \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to the sceen until the end.

**A.** stuck

**B.** hooked

**C.** attached

**D.** glued

**Question 8 (TH):** My uncle tries to spend time playing with his children \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ he is very busy.

**A.** despite

**B.** although

**C.** because of

**D.** moreover

**Question 9 (TH):** Linda took great photos of butterflies while she \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the forest.

**A.** is hiking

**B.** was hiking

**C.** hiked

**D.** had hiked

**Question 10 (VD):** The children are highly excited \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the coming holiday.

**A.** for

**B.** about

**C.** to

**D.** with

**Question 11 (VD):** A key component of Industry 4.0 is the Internet of Things characterised by the connections of all mobile \_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**A.** accessories

**B.** utensils

**C.** devices

**D.** vehicles

**Question 12 (VDC):** Joseph would never forget \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by his boss through no fault of his own.

**A.** to criticise

**B.** to be criticised

**C.** being criticised

**D.** criticising

**Question 13 (VDC):** Once \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with ufficient information, the freshmen will feel more confident to start the new course

**A.** having provided

**B.** are provided

**C.** provided

**D.** providing

**Question 14 (TH):** John is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ most hard-working student I’ve ever know.

**A.** the

**B.** a

**C.** an

**D.**

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the option that best completes each of the following exchanges***

**Question 15 (TH):** Linda and Peter are talking about safe drving.

- Linda: “I think drinking-driving should be severly punished.”

- Peter: “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. It may cause accidents or even deaths.”

**A.** I absolutely agree with you

**B.** You must be kidding

**C.** I don’t understand what you mean

**D.** I don’t think so

**Question 16 (NB):** A porter is talking to Mary in the hotel lobby.

- Porter: “May I help you with your suitcase?”

- Mary: “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

**A.** What a shame!

**B.** You are welcome.

**C.** Yes, please.

**D.** Me too.

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part that differs from the other three in the pronunciation in each of the following questions.***

**Question 17 (NB):**

**A.** teach

**B.** speak

**C.** leave

**D.** learn

**Question 18 (NB):**

**A.** cancelled

**B.** followed

**C.** performed

**D.** discussed

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.***

**Question 19 (TH):**

**A.** chemical

**B.** terrific

**C.** general

**D.** beautiful

**Question 20 (TH):**

**A.** listen

**B.** provide

**C.** repeat

**D.** collect

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.***

**Question 21 (VD):** For a fruitful dicission, the chairman should make sure that every member is **at liberty**to voice their opinons.

**A.** having no freedom

**B.** having no restriction

**C.** getting approval

**D.** getting satisfaction

**Question 22 (TH):** My kids only have a **faint** memory of our hometown as they have lived away from it for a long time

**A.** poor

**B.** clear

**C.** quick

**D.** vague

***Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.***

**Question 23 (TH):** Many experts support the **view** that children should start learning English as early as possible

**A.** reason

**B.** opinion

**C.** reaction

**D.** problem

**Question 24 (VD):** The young singer’s career **took off** after her latest album topped the charts.

**A.** remained unchanged

**B.** became successful

**C.** ended in failure

**D.** went unnoticed

***Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 25 to 29.***

**[NUMBERING]**

**Effects of television on childhood literacy**

Nowadays, television occupies a large portion of children’s time. From when they start in preschool, children spend more time watching television than participating in any other (25) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ expect sleeping. (26) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, this is not necessarily a bad thing.

The results of some research suggest thay there is considerable overlap between the comprehension processes activated while reading and the processes (27) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ take place during a period of television viewing. If this is no, it may very well be the case that children who learn comprehension skills from television viewing before they are ready to read are (28) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with some very important tools when they later learn to read. It has been noted that children are frequently better at recalling televised stories they have watched compared to those they have simply heard. Due to the fact that it is a visual medium, television can present information mere concretely than written and spoken text, making it an ideal medium in which to (29) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ some of the skills and knowledge needed for later reading

**Question 25 (NB):**

**A.** active

**B.** activate

**C.** activity

**D.** actively

**Question 26 (TH):**

**A.** However

**B.** Due to

**C.** For example

**D.** Because

**Question 27 (TH):**

**A.** when

**B.** who

**C.** that

**D.** where

**Question 28 (VD):**

**A.** obsessed

**B.** covered

**C.** occupied

**D.** equipped

**Question 29 (VDC):**

**A.** allocate

**B.** cultivate

**C.** manipulate

**D.** regulate

**[/NUMBERING]**

***Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the question from 30 to 34.***

**[NHOM]**

Edinburgh, the capital of Sccotland, is in the south-east of the country. Edinburgh is situated on the coast, and the beautiful, green Pentland hills are not far from the city centre. Castle Rock stands in the centre of Edinburgh and is the best place for fantastic views of the city. With a population of almost galf a million people. The city is an exciting **mix** of traditional and modern.

The first stop for most visitors to the city is the castle on Castle Rock. **It** is certainly worth a visit anf the area nearby is full of shops thay sell whisky and tartans to the tourists. Edinburgh’s most famous street, the Royal Mile, runs from the castle to the Palace of Holyroodhouse and the Scottish Parliament. Along the street, you can see many interesting buildings and you can stop for a drink at a traditional, old Scottish pub.

During your visit, you should certainly take the time to see other parts of the city. Princes Street has lovely gardens, museums and shops. The New Town is a superb area for walking with its attractive 18th century houses, offices and churches. Finally, the Grassmarket is an old part of the city, which is full of café, bars and restaurants.

Edinburgh’s nightlife is excellent. Clubs usually stay open until three in the morning. You can hear live music in pubs, choose from a number of first-class cinemas or go to a “ceilidh” (a tradional Scottish dance).

The best time to come to the city is in August. Thousands of people visit the Edinburgh Festival, the world’s biggest arts festival held every summer. With concerts, opera. Theatre and art exhibitions, there is something for everyone. For winter visitors, Hogmanay (the Scottish New Year) is also an incredible experience that you will never forget.

**Question 30 (VD):** Which best serves as the title for the passage?

**A.** The Future of Edinburgh

**B.** Famous city in Scotland

**C.** A Description of Scotland

**D.** A Destination Guide to Edinburgh

**Question 31 (TH):** The word “**mix**” in paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

**A.** mess

**B.** mood

**C.** action

**D.** combination

**Question 32 (NB):** The word “**it**” in paragraph 2 refers to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

**A.** the area

**B.** the castle

**C.** a visit

**D.** the city

**Question 33 (NB):** According to paragraph 4, what is a “ceilidh”?

**A.** It is a kind of Scottish music.

**B.** It is a traditional Scottish dance.

**C.** It is the first Scottish cinema.

**D.** It is the name of a Scottish pub.

**Question 34 (VD):** According to paragraph 5, what is NOT true about the Edinburgh Festival?

**A.** It attracts thousands of visitors.

**B.** It offers arts performances.

**C.** It takes place in winter.

**D.** It is a famous event.

**[/NHOM]**

***Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 35 to 42.***

**[NHOM]**

The first impression are rather menacing. Visitors must sign in and show identification before being allowed into the building. Such tight security gives one the feeling of entering a prison or some other dangerous place. But what a **deceptive** first impression! Manhattan Comprehensive Night High School may be the friendliest, most caring institution in all of New York City. A school of last resort for many of its students, it is their best chance to turn their lives around, and make friends in the process. Manhattan Comp, as it is called, is the first full-time night high school in America.

High school is compulsory until the age of sixteen in America, but many students frop out, either before or after they reach sixteen, and before receiving their high school diplomas. Until now, night education programmes for dropouts only provided the basics and then awarded an quivalency certificate. But now, Manhattan Comp offers the total high school experience, complete with a “lunch” break, physcial education and clubs. The students receive an academic diploma, which they say is more helpful in getting a job than an quivalency certificate. More than sixty percent of Manhattan Comp’s students go on to college.

Most of the school’s 450 students have either been **expelled from** or dropped out of other high schools. Some have been in two or three schools before this one. What seems to make this school work for these hard-to-place students is the staff and, most importantly, the principal. All students call hum Howard. As he walks through the building, he greets students by name, asks about their families or jobs and jokes with them about the lack of variety in the school cafeteria.

Most students at Manhattan Comp are between eighteen and twenty-two years old. You must be at least seventeen to enrol. The classes run from 5 to 11 p.m, Mondays through Thursdays, with all-day enrichment programmes on Sundays which explore topics like playwritting, art anf video production. School terms are ten weeks long, which gives studens the opportunity to take time off for family matters of jobs. Most students already have some academic credits from previous schools, so instead of the normal four years in high school, **they** spend between six months and two years at Manhattan Comp.

**Question 35 (VD):** Which best serves as the title for the passage?

**A.** Night Schools: A Passing Fad

**B.** Manhattan Comp: One of a Kind

**C.** The Success Story of a Typical American School

**D.** A Day in the Life of a Manhattan Comp Student

**Question 36 (VDC):** The word “**deceptive**” in paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

**A.** misleading

**B.** unwelcoming

**C.** subjective

**D.** lasting

**Question 37 (TH):** What do Manhattan Comp students say about their academic diploma?

**A.** It demonstrates their superior academic competence.

**B.** It ensures their admission to well-known colleges

**C.** It improves their chances of getting employed.

**D.** It reflects a more thorough schooling experience.

**Question 38 (VD):** The phrase “**expelled from**” in paragraph 3 mostly means \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

**A.** forced to leave

**B.** qualified to graduate

**C.** asked to stay

**D.** invited to attend

**Question 39 (NB):** The word “**they”** in the paragraph 4 refers to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

**A.** schools

**B.** credits

**C.** students

**D.** years

**Question 40 (TH):** How long does it generally take students to complete the education at Manhattan Comp?

**A.** Two years and a half

**B.** From six months to two years

**C.** For years

**D.** Ten weeks

**Question 41 (VDC):** Which statement is NOT true, according to the passage?

**A.** Visitors to Manhattan Comp are required to go through certain security procedures.

**B.** Many students at Manhattan Comp have never had any formal schooling before.

**C.** The schooling experience at Manhattan Comp is likely to change the students’ lives for the better.

**D.** All of the students at Manhattan Comp are seventeen or above.

**Question 42 (VDC):** What can be inferred about Manhattan Comp from the passage?

**A.** It has recently been equipped with state-of-the-art facilities.

**B.** Its students are required to work part-time while pursuing their studies there.

**C.** It plays down the importance of extra-curricular activities.

**D.** Its principal is well-liked among the students for his amiability.

**[/NHOM]**

***Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the senctence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.***

**Question 43 (TH):** Mike didn’t follow his parents’ advice on choosing his career. He regrets it now.

**A.** Mike regrets having followed his parents’ advice on choosing his career.

**B.** If Mike followed his parents’ advice on choosing his career, he would regret it.

**C.** If only Mike followed his parents’ advice on choosing his career.

**D.** Mike wishes he had followed his parents’ advice on choosing his career.

**Question 44 (VD):** He badly suffered cyberbullying himself. He realised the true dangers of social media only then.

**A.** Only when he had realised the true dangers of social media did he badly suffer cyberbullying himself.

**B.** Such was his suffering of cyberbullying that he didn’t realised the true dangers of social media.

**C.** But for his terrible suffering of cyberbullying, he wouldn’t realise the true dangers of social media.

**D.** Not until he had badly suffered cyberbullying himself did he realise the true dangers of social media.

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.***

**Question 45 (TH):** Many teenagers like facebooking more than doing sport.

**A.** Many teenagers don’t like doing sport as much as facebooking.

**B.** Many teenagers like doing sport more than facebooking.

**C.** Many teenagers like doing sport as much as facebooking.

**D.** Many teenagers don’t like facebooking as much as doing sport.

**Question 46 (TH):** “What have you done to my laptop, Jane?” asked Tom.

**A.** Tom asked Jane what she has done to his laptop.

**B.** Tom asked Jane what has she done to his laptop.

**C.** Tom asked Jane what had she done to his laptop.

**D.** Tom asked Jane what she had done to his laptop.

**Question 47 (VD):** I’m certain that Joe attended the ceremony as he can vividly recount the event.

**A.** Joe mightn’t have attended the ceremony as he can vividly recount the event.

**B.** Joe could have attended the ceremony as he can vividly recount the event.

**C.** Joe needn’t have attended the ceremony as he can vividly recount the event.

**D.** Joe must have attended the ceremony as he can vividly recount the event.

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.***

**[GC]**

**Question 48 (TH):** Our grandfather, who had an excellent memory when young, has become very **forgettable** in recent years due to his old age.

**Question 49 (NB):** With his important contributions, Albert Einstein **considered** one of the greatest physicists of all time.

**Question 50 (VD):** Jack **cycles usually** to work to avoid traffic jams at rush hour.

**[/GC]**